



LISBOA

UNIVERSIDADE De lisboa

Evaluation	 Types of assessment: Continuous assessment and final assessment Rating System: Continuous assessment: Students may choose one of the following alternative models reviewed Continuous assessment involves: 1) assist the student at least 2/3 of the classes actually implemented; 2) completion of a written test (minimum score of 9.5) (70% of final grade) and 3) conducting a literature review 4-5 papers centered on the theme of childhood sport (30% of final grade). Final evaluation. For students who did not opt for continuous assessment or who have failed in different moments of this, consisting of: 1) final exam (minimum score of 10 points); 2) conducting a literature review of 4-5 scientific papers centered on the theme of childhood sport (30% of final grade) ;
Bibliography	 Balyi, I., Cardinal, C., Higgs, C., Norris, S. and Way, R. (2006). Long-Term Athlete Development - Canadian Sport for Life (Resource Paper). Vancouver: Canadian Sport Centres. Bompa, T. (2000). Total Training for Young Champions. Champaign: Human Kinetics. Coelho e Silva, M., Figueiredo, A., Elferink-Gemser, M., Malina, R. (2009). Youth Sports. Participation, Trainability and Readiness. Coimbra: Coimbra University Press. Hebestreit, H. & Bar-Or, O. (Eds.) (2008). The Young Athlete. Encyclopaedia of Sports Medicine, vol XIII. Oxford: Blackwell Publishing. Sobral, F. (1988). Teenage athlete. Lisbon: Horizonte. Sobral, F. (1994). Juvenile sport. Alertness and talent . Lisbon: Horizonte. Wilmore J, Costill, D., Kenney, W. (2008). Physiology of sport and exercise. Champaign: Human Kinetics.