



ID	714
Curricular Unit	Epidemiology Ergonomics
Regent	Maria Filomena Araújo da Costa Cruz Carnide
Learning Outcomes	<ol> <li>Knowledge of fundamental concepts related to specific methodologies and and epidemiological research</li> <li>Capacity to interpret the results of epidemiologic studies.</li> <li>Understand the distribution - the populations in time and space - the determinants of health and disease, and the effectiveness and impact of interventions to control health problems.</li> <li>Capacity to design an epidemiological study</li> </ol>
Syllabus	Epidemiology, definition and methods: historical perspective and main objectives.  Descriptive epidemiology: definition, methods and relevance Analytical epidemiology: definition, methods and relevance Interventional epidemiology: definition and methods Main parameters used in epidemiology: Population, sample, crude and specific rates, adjusted rates, Incidence, Prevalence and its relationship Planning an epidemiological study: issues to be considered in protocol design.  Sampling: definition and types of sampling Methods of information collection and analysis in the same Measures of association: relative risk, odds ratio, attributable risk fraction, population attributable risk, prevention fraction.  Principles of causality Bias spice and interaction Systematic reviews
Evaluation	Continuous assessment: Theoretical-component - perform a writing frequency. The frequency must have a minimum grade of 9.5Practical component - making worksheets 2 of which must be evaluated. All entries must have a minimum grade of 9.5. The note of this component is 30% of final grade the discipline. Final evaluation: • Conducting an examination consisting of a written, practical and oral test. To access the oral exam is required obtain evidence in writing and practice a minimum grade of 9.5. The final grade is 70% of 30% theoretical component and the practical component.

		Beaglehole R, Bonita R & Kjellström T (2003). Básica.Lisboa Epidemiology. National School of Public Health.
		Hulley, S., Cummings, S., Browner, W., Grady, D; Hearst, N., Newman, T.
Bibli	ography	(2001). Designing Clinical Research: An Epidemiologic Approach. 2 nd edition. Philadelphia. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, p. 336
		Last J. (1988.) Dictionary of Epidemiology. Lisbon. Directorate General of Health